

The Bloomfield Record.

(OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE TOWNSHIP.)
S. M. HULIN, Editor and Proprietor.
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1875.

All who are interested in having a live newspaper in this village are requested to send us by mail, or to the publishing office, local items of news, correspondence, etc., for publication.

No charge is made for publishing Marriages, Deaths, or Religious Notices.
Single numbers of *THE RECORD* can always be had at this office, at the Post Office, and of the News-vendors.
All kinds of PRINTING done at *THE RECORD* Office.

Wanted, a Policy.

By referring back to the files of *THE RECORD* of two years ago, we find in the issue of Feb. 6th, 1873, a report of a Town Meeting in which village affairs were discussed in a spirited way. Among other things the question of Annexation to Newark came up, the result being the adoption of a motion "That the Town Committee be instructed to call a public meeting at an early day for the purpose of considering this question of annexation."

Subsequent meetings were held, but the annexation project fell to the ground, presumably by common consent. The Town Committee never called that "early day" meeting, and, so far as heard from, they were never censured or even criticised for not doing so.

We have now had some experience under the local laws passed upon at those two-year-old meetings. Although nothing of much consequence has been done in the way of improvements, (except the introduction of gas,) yet taxes have advanced and there is considerable dissatisfaction, both with the high taxes and the lack of progress and improvement.

Naturally enough, the question comes up for discussion, "What should be the policy of Bloomfield in regard to improvements?" The first answer given—"annexation to Newark." Notwithstanding the neglect with which the plan was regarded at the beginning, there seems to be a "manifest destiny" that the long spell of two years during which it has slumbered should be broken, and the question at last brought squarely before us.

It has received the recognition, if not the hearty endorsement, of a large assemblage in a call for another meeting, at which the question, "Should we seek annexation to Newark?" is to be debated. The Literary Committee of the Euclidean Society, under whose auspices these meetings have been commenced, announce it for next Monday evening in Euclidean Hall, and at which statistics of Woodside and Roseville are to be presented.

It is hoped that the subject, now that it comes before us in such a definite shape, will be duly considered and disposed of, if not finally, for at least ten years to come. It ought not to occupy more than half an hour to do so, which would leave time to settle upon something, for Bloomfield is certainly in need of a policy of some kind.

The burden of complaint the past year or two has been on account of our inadequate or unjust town laws. Instead of three or four separate acts, (some of which are patched up with supplements, and none of them perfect or even passably satisfactory), there should be one general township act, embodying in a concise form and in simple language, everything that is deemed necessary to the government of the township. Would it not be well to select a Committee to prepare such a law—a Committee comprising citizens of all classes, in order that all interests might be represented?

The annual Town Election takes place on the 8th of next month, and now is just the time to develop a plan of action or code of instruction for the officials who are to administer township affairs for the coming year. The present Town Committee will, as usual, call the Annual Township Meeting at which the reports will be presented, but there is not sufficient time, at the annual meeting, to properly discuss all the matters relating to assessments, roads, walks, gas, etc., with the view of indicating the wishes of the people in regard to them. Hence the importance of these preliminary discussions, which may, and perhaps will, crystallize into something like a settled policy by the time the regular Town Meeting is called.

The Home Paper.

The New York Tribune recently contained the following just remarks relating to local newspapers:

"Nothing is more common than to hear people talk of what they pay for advertising as much given to charity. Newspapers, by enhancing the property in the neighborhood and giving the localities in which they are published a reputation abroad, benefit all such, particularly if they are merchants or real estate owners, whose amount yearly of the meager sum they pay for their support. Besides, every public spirited citizen has a laudable pride in having a paper of which he is not ashamed, even though he should pick it up in New York or Washington. A good-looking, thriving sheet bestows property, gives character to locality, and is in many respects a desirable convenience. If you want a good, readable sheet, it must be supported—not in a spirit of charity, but because you feel a necessity to support it. The printing press is the power that moves the people."

Our citizens should not forget the discussion of town affairs at Euclidean Hall next Monday evening. We understood that some interesting facts are to be presented relating to the practical results of the annexation of Woodside and other suburbs to Newark.

New Publications.

WELLS' ANNUAL OF PHRENOLOGY AND PHYSIOGNOMY FOR 1875 contains many Portraits, Biographies, and Characters of leading men; all the Presidents of the United States; Canon Kingsley; James Lick; Pere Hyacinth; Von Kaulbach; John Tyndall; John Laird; Characters in Shakespeare; Eating to Live, and Living to Eat; Horse Phrenology; a Cheerful Face; What Am I Good For? and much other useful and entertaining matter. The Annual is sent first post for 25 cents by the publisher, S. R. Wells, 389 Broadway, New York.

A small pamphlet entitled "Mr. Beecher's Statement—its Relation to Christianity," has been published by a resident of Montclair, and has had a wide circulation in that place. The author is a layman, a New England Puritan. The work is in no sense a denunciation, upon the criminal guilt or innocence of the Brooklyn pastor, nor does it discuss the revolting accusations made against him. But it does take firm ground against the moral teaching and example evinced by Mr. Beecher's attitude before the world.

A illustrating the tone and character of this layman's work, we publish an extract in which his argument seems to be conclusive that Mr. Beecher made a grievous departure from the path of Christian duty in his selection of Montclair as a bosom friend and counselor:

"We know nothing of Mr. Moulton's personal character, except what comes to us from Mr. Beecher's own statement. But judging solely from this source, and taking the prominent qualifications which he relates, viz., his intimate relations to Tilton, and his sympathy with him in free-love doctrines, his dexterous use of the motive power of the pistol, and that he 'was born for diplomacy,' we cannot conceive how a minister of Christ who loves His principles of righteousness and practical godliness, as they stand related to God and man, should have been from first to last so ardently attached to him. 'The very object that bound these men together in such loving union and fellowship was outside of Christian principles.' Christ has nowhere instructed us that a righteous doer 'chooses darkness rather than light,' but He has laid down the general principle, that 'he that doeth truth—that is whose doing is according to truth—cometh to the light; that his deeds may be made manifest that they are wrought in God.' And all His specific instruction is in harmony with it. Would godliness lead a righteous steward of God's bounty to place seven thousand dollars in the hands of such an ungodly man to be used for such an end, from fear of the consequences should 'the truth come to the light'? It is not strange that Mr. Moulton should have had such a preference for 'darkness rather than light,' for by profession he owes allegiance, to 'the ruler of the darkness of this world,' and he is true to his profession. But that Mr. Beecher, with such a keen perception of his character in this respect, should have placed himself in this whole matter so much under his control, is exceedingly strange."

The pamphlet throughout is imbued with religious earnestness and fervor. Its author's reasoning and conclusions are drawn from a thorough knowledge of Bible teaching, and he appears to have been inspired by a sincere sense of duty in thus taking ground against Mr. Beecher. He never, however, lends the slightest encouragement to the other actors in this unhappy affair. In no sense is it a partisan "scandal document." It is simply a defense of Christianity from degradation and false interpretation.

Rev. C. S. Robinson, D. D., in the *Sunday School Times* pays the following just tribute to Scribner & Co., and their children's Monthly, St. Nicholas: "I am ready to say that a cleaner, purer, more trustworthy periodical for children cannot be named. The best writers are engaged upon it. It is printed beautifully, and illustrated in the highest style of art. I know the proprietors, and if ever a high, noble purpose was cherished by any public people, it is found here. The magazine does not claim to be religious, but it is on the side of all that is true and good, from beginning to end."

As will be seen in our abridgement of the proceedings of the Legislature, a bill has been introduced which contemplates a radical change in the manner of electing the Town Committee of Bloomfield. There is probably little likelihood of the passage of such a measure, involving as it does a renunciation of the democratic principle which underlies true government—that the majority should rule.

There is quite a brisk demand for houses to rent at low prices. The inquiries are mostly workingmen from the city, who can generally find houses here at more reasonable rentals than in Newark. Next month the demand will begin for the higher priced houses, and of which Bloomfield is well supplied. Those who commute on the railroad should, whenever an opportunity occurs, present the claims and advantages of our town to those who are looking for places in the country.

The Women's Club of Orange is engaged in studying and discussing some matters pertaining to hygiene, drainage and sewerage, and now they are finding out all they can on the question of ventilation. If all women felt the same interest in these and kindred topics, the health and happiness of their homes would be increased and the rate of mortality lessened.

The Colorado Springs people report the highest wind and the coldest weather ever known there. The wind went at the rate of 83 miles an hour, and blew a railroad train off the track. But only fifteen miles away on Pike's Peak, the weather was like spring, and the Signal Corps boys were sowing lettuce and planting their early potatoes.

Newspaper Architecture.

It is becoming more and more the custom for well-to-do newspaper proprietors and stockholders to invest their means in costly edifices, dedicated to their respective enterprises.

The Graphic, in a recent article, humorously hits off this journalistic mania for architectural pre-eminence, at the same time disclosing its penchant for advertising its own "peculiar processes."

"In view of the fact that the quarters of *The Daily Graphic* are altogether too small for our business, the management are ready to receive proposals from responsible corporations in reference to new and more commodious buildings. We have already intimated a design to appropriate the structures now building for the Tribune and Evening Post for our own use when those journals shall have been, so to say, smothered in the folds of their own garments, or, like the builders of the Tower of Babel, afflicted with that dreadful disease of aphasia in punishment for their ambitious architectural impiety. But recanting, what are we to do? It will be at least two years before the Tribune stockholders shall sit in Park row, loudly as a lodge in a garden of cucumbers, contemplating the stupendous stupidity of their steely, looking with horror on the disastrous pile which so closely resembles a leper smitten with the measles, and gloomily thinking of the days when the Tribune was the leading paper of America, so far as a big strip of canvas could make it so. We cannot wait two years; our artists are packed up like sardines in a box; half of the time our capitalist's pencil is tickling the ear of our solemn depoliticized graveyards, who vouch he will stand it no longer, and he very office-boy refuses to wear patched pantaloons."

Most of the city papers have expressed their views of the new Tribune building, the most frequent opinion being that it is an architectural monstrosity. To a bystander on the Park pavement, the two buildings of the Sun and Tribune afford a striking contrast. Astronomically speaking, the scene is a phenomenon—a perpetual eclipse of the Sun. It has been said the resting place of Horace Greeley is marked by no monument, but this huge slab which has arisen, so like a gigantic tombstone in the immediate scene of the great journalist's life-work may certainly be considered a striking memorial to his memory, whatever may be said in criticism of it as a structure.

VILLAGE NOTE-BOOK.

Where is the chap who predicted a mild winter?

Town Committee meeting this afternoon.

A number of slight and one or two rather severe coasting accidents occurred last week, on Friday and Saturday.

A plumber estimates that over half the pumps, &c., in town have been rendered useless by the extreme cold weather.

The young men named Concannon and McGarry, indicted on a charge of stealing a valuable watch from a resident of Bloomfield have been tried. A verdict of acquittal was rendered.

Bloomfielders are just now casting about for a policy in regard to public improvements. It seems a favorable opportunity to drop the hint, although an old one, that it would be "policy" to begin with reconstructing our sidewalk grades on Broad and Franklin streets. There is no question but that here is a starting point in the way of public improvement.

It was found necessary to dismiss the Central School last Tuesday, it being impossible to raise the temperature higher than 40 degrees. The difficulty was owing not so much to the extreme cold weather as to the defective state of the steam apparatus. The trouble has now been remedied by supplying a new safety valve, and the sessions of the School have been resumed.

The Mabel Association of this place have purchased a lot on Liberty street, between the Christ Church rectory and the property of Mr. Zabriske. It is the intention of the association to build upon the lot early in Spring. Plans and contracts are now being made. The building is to be of brick, two stories and a French roof. The ground plan will be 28x40, the first floor to be in one room, suitable for the public meetings of the association, social and literary.

The second entertainment of the Euclidean course is to be given next Wednesday evening in Westminster church. It will consist of readings by Rev. Robert Sloss. This gentleman has read in our town four times before, each time with increased satisfaction. We can safely say that of the many readers we have had, none have equalled Mr. Sloss in the popular satisfaction he has given. His programme is a very interesting one and all who attend the reading may rest assured of an evening of rare enjoyment.

The fourth anniversary of Hope Chapel Sunday School was celebrated last Sunday afternoon. The programme consisted of a concert exercise which was pleasingly rendered, a distribution of prizes for regular attendance, and brief addresses by Rev. Mr. Ballantine and the Superintendent of the school, Mr. J. F. Seymour. A special incident of the occasion was the awarding to each scholar of small bouquets of hot house flowers, which filled the Chapel with their fragrance. The report of the treasurer showed an excess of expenditures over the receipts in maintenance of the school of about \$30. This sum was made up some visitors who were present, and a ten-dollar bill given besides which to begin the new year. The election for a new Superintendent and other officers was postponed until next Sunday.

New Jersey Legislature.

The Trenton correspondent of the Newark Courier says: There seems to be a growing feeling that Speaker Vanderbilt, being seriously tainted by the exposures in the Clerkship matter, should either resign or demand at once an investigation of his alleged complicity with Carpenter's transaction. It is hinted that if Mr. Vanderbilt does not ask an inquiry, some of Carpenter's friends will introduce a resolution proposing it, and a resolution thus introduced will be sure, in the present temper of the House, to pass. There are some who believe that Mr. Fitzgerald will yet be Speaker of the House before the adjournment, and such a thing is by no means impossible.

A supplement to the Essex Road Board introduced by Mr. Dodd provides that whenever the Board shall enter upon and appropriate any portion of any highway which has heretofore been graded and macadamized by the legal authorities of any town or township through which it passed, they shall first cause an appraisal to be made of the value to the county of such grading and macadam in the same manner as provided for the appraisal for damages in section 8, 9, 10 and 11 of the supplement to their act, and where the appraisal is confirmed it shall form a part of the construction account of said avenue or avenues, and shall be paid over by the Road Board to the legal Town or Township authorities having jurisdiction over the Highways.

A supplement to Bloomfield township introduced by Mr. Fitzgerald provides that not more than four names for town committeemen shall be upon any one ballot, but that the number of committeemen shall be seven as at present. No member of the town committee to receive any reward or pay in any shape for his services.

A bill had been introduced to incorporate a New Jersey Rifle Association, with power to hold real estate not to exceed \$50,000. When \$2,000 shall have been paid in \$10,000 shall be appropriated from the State Treasury for the purposes of the Association.

The supplement to Kearney township has been ordered to a third reading, a section stricken out authorizing the issue of bonds to the amount of \$100,000, Mr. Kirk saying the township was already heavily in debt.

Gov. Bedle has already exercised his privilege of the veto, in the cases of two special acts. His ground of objection is that it is unwise to accumulate special laws where general laws are available.

A bill has been introduced in the House which exempts soldiers of 1812 from paying poll tax.

A supplement to the general law relating to executions exempts \$500 personal property instead of \$500 as now.

New Jersey Items.

Last week, John Groff, living near Oxford Furnace, Warren county, while walking from North Branch to High Bridge, was frozen to death.

Mr. E. Haslam of East Orange has contracted for the erection of five houses, to be finished in the style of New York houses, with plate-glass windows and vestibule doors, and all modern improvements.

An exchange from Warren county says: "At the Vienna oyster supper on Wednesday evening \$75 was realized. About the usual number of watches, coats and hats were stolen." What kind of a place most Vienna be?

In Bergen and Morris counties the "Guide Post" law has been pretty generally complied with, much to the comfort of travelers. Essex county has as yet done nothing. Why not? If those concerned wish to earn the commendations of the public they will at once obey the law and follow the wise and liberal example of their brethren in Morris and Bergen.

A large meeting was held in Harrison township on Monday evening, favorable to annexation with Kearney. It was decided by a large vote to approve of the proposition as set forth in the bill now at Trenton. The bill, as it now stands, provides that Harrison and Kearney shall each pay their present debts. Kearney is to have two wards and two Aldermen for each ward.

A meeting was held in Belleville, a few evenings ago to consider the future of that place. Cortland VanRensselaer, Hugh Holmes, and other gentlemen of standing advocated annexation to Newark as the sole relief from the troubles existing in their town between the conflicting partisans of the Belleville City Charter and the old Township government. The meeting, however, decided to stand by the charter. Motions for annexation were voted down, as were also motions to repeal the charter.

A correspondent of the Trenton State Gazette furnishes that paper with an account of a very old man residing in the village of Hopewell. His name is William Tindall, and some years ago he was one of the Judges of the Common Pleas. The Judge is in his 92d year and makes his home with his daughter, Mrs. Philomena Waters. He is very lively and cheerful. His faculties are as good as apparently as ever. He frequently goes to the wood pile and cuts a quantity of wood and handles the axe well, and manages his end of a cross cut saw with as much ease and grace as a man of 40 years of age. He can split a good sized log without causing him to be short breath. He seldom passes a Sunday without attending his church; and one thing more worthy of note, he has always been a good staunch Republican, and is likely from appearances to live to vote for another Republican President.

General News Items.

Mr. Richard A. Proctor, the eminent astronomer, in a letter to the London Times, speaks in high terms of our weather-probability system, and urges the adoption of a similar system in Europe.

A Kansas despatch says that twenty men have been frozen to death there, and that many others have had their limbs frozen. The mean temperature in Kansas during the month of January was 14 degrees, which is 8 degrees colder than the temperature for eleven years previous.

A San Francisco paper says that the news of the death of the Emperor of China had not disturbed the equanimity of the Chinese population in that city. Only a few of the pagans appeared to appreciate the position of the Emperor, and these say: "No care; no man all the same good."

Another step in the progress of woman's rights is the election of a lady as a member of a board of bank directors. At the recent annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank of Peoria, Illinois, the name of Mrs. Lydia Bradley was placed at the head of the newly elected board of directors. Mrs. B. is a wealthy widow of that city, and one of the chief stockholders in the bank.

The first train was run through the Hoosac Tunnel on Tuesday. It was composed of three gravel cars and a box car filled with one hundred passengers, among them being State Engineer Benjamin Frost, Consulting Engineer Thomas Doane, Chief Engineer W. P. Granger, etc. The passage was made in thirty-five minutes. The tunnel will not be opened for business for some months yet, as it is necessary to complete the brick arching which is to protect the track from falling rocks.

The project of tunnelling the British Channel is really to be put into execution. The French Government is about to take action in the matter, and French capitalists are ready to join with English capitalists in investing money in the enterprise. Although the distance to be tunneled is more than twenty miles it is anticipated that the entire tunnel can be cut through the chalk beds that underlie the channel. Very rapid progress can thus be made, and the work may very possibly prove less difficult and costly than the tunnelling of Mont Cenis, which involved the labor of boring through the hardest known rocks. Preliminary borings in order to test the question of the existence of the supposed chalk beds will be made at once, and the present generation may live to see trains running directly from London to Paris.

Another ice bridge formed in the East River between Brooklyn and New York on Tuesday morning and a number of persons crossed in safety. Shortly after 11 o'clock, a tug boat made a bold start, and nearly succeeded in forcing her way through the ice, when the Sound steamer Narragansett came down the river at full speed and passed through with apparently little trouble followed by a number of tugs. At the time there were nine persons on the ice, who instead of turning back to Brooklyn, kept on toward the tug boats on the N. Y. side, thinking, no doubt, that they would be taken off by them. The tugs, however, seemed to pay no attention to them, and finding the ice parting they all turned and ran back towards Brooklyn. The scene, although a painful one, was very ludicrous. The men and boys were in such a hurry that they kept continually falling and sliding down. When they reached the other side the ice had moved away from the piers, and after running about for some time, they were rescued by a tug boat.

List of Letters.

Remaining undelivered at the Post Office in Bloomfield, Feb. 10, 1875:
Blackington, Fred.
Connel, Kate.
Conway, Miss John F.
Cook, Emma.
Dougherty, Mary L.
Foster, Mrs. Wm.
Hart, Hannah.
Jagers, Mrs. Annie.
Jordan, Thomas.
Kegan, Edward.
Lose, Joseph.
Mason, Robert.
Meyers, Henry.
Newton, Mrs. Emma.
Neon, Mrs. John F.
Osborn, Mrs. J. B.
Parker, Mrs.
Prentiss, John.
Reilly, Allen.
Smith, Thomas.
Sweet, Mrs. Mary.
Smith, Kate.
Thompson, Mrs. Geo.
Vaughan, Charles.
Weller, A.

DIED.

MULLIGAN—In Bloomfield, Feb. 5th, Margaret Mulligan, aged 67 years.
MILLS—In Montclair, Feb. 5th, Emily, youngest daughter of C. W. Mills, aged 5 months 19 days.
ARMSTRONG—In Montclair, Feb. 3d, S. Irwin, youngest son of Samuel Armstrong, aged 5 years 9 months.

Advertisements.

Wanted.

Two girls, one as Chambermaid the other for Kitchen-work; must have some knowledge of milk and butter. None but those having good health and reference need apply. Address Box 53 Bloomfield Post Office.

Wanted.

A girl for general house-work. Apply at the residence of C. J. Turner, on Linden, near Ridgewood avenue.

SIXTH

Euclidean Lecture Course.
At Westminster Presbyterian Church.
PROF. W. E. GRIFFIS, Feb. 5.
Subject: "Inside Japan."
REV. ROBERT SLOSS, Feb. 17.
McCLURG'S READER.
REV. H. W. BALLANTINE, Feb. 26.
CIVILIZATION IN INDIA.

Lectures Begin at Eight O'clock.
Tickets for Course, \$1.00.
Single Tickets, 50.
May be obtained at the Post Office and the Drug Stores and of members of the Euclidean Society.

Advertisements.



JOHN G. KEYLER,

BLOOMFIELD AVENUE,
GENERAL
Furnishing Undertaker,

AND DEALER IN
FURNITURE of Every Description.

Coffins of Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, Imitation Rosewood, and Metallic Cases on hand. White and Black Cloth Covered Coffins. Everything pertaining to the business.

PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS.
BUREAUX, REFRIGERATORS,
SOFAS, LOUNGES, WHAT-NOTS,
BOOK SHELVES AND CASES,
BRACKETS, LOOKING GLASSES,
etc., etc. Mattresses and Spring Beds always on hand. Upholstering and Repairing done with neatness.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

JOSEPH B. HARVEY,
Tin, Sheet Iron & Copper Worker,

Roofing, Leaders and Tin Ware,
Plumbing and Gas Fitting, also SUEET
LEAD, LEAD PIPE, LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS.

Ranges, Hot Air Furnaces,
Parlor, Office and Cook Stoves, Hatters' Kettles,
Water Closets, Bath Tubs, Cistern and Well Pumps.

The Subscriber, calling attention to his Business Card as above, and thankful for the patronage bestowed for the past thirty-one years by the people of Bloomfield and adjacent towns and country, solicits a continuance of the same, trusting that a strict attention to all business entrusted to him, will merit their favor in the future as in the past.

JOSEPH B. HARVEY.

N. H. DODD.

Carriages and Wagons
Built to Order.

ALSO
CARRIAGE PAINTING.
Trimming and General Blacksmithing.

Repairing of all kinds attended to with neatness and dispatch.
BLOOMFIELD AVENUE,
BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

VICK'S
Floral Guide.

FOR 1875.
Published Quarterly.—JANUARY NUMBER just issued, and contains over 100 Pages, 500 ENGRAVINGS, descriptions of more than 500 of our best Floral and Vegetable life, with directions for Culture, Chosen Plants, etc.—The most useful and elegant work of the kind in the world.—Only 25 cents for the year.—Published in English and German.

Address,
JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

PRICES DOWN!
The subscriber, having started a Blacksmith's Shop on the corner of Bloomfield Avenue and Orange Street in Bloomfield, is now prepared to do HOT-IRON SHOES and all kinds of Jobbing in the best manner possible. I shall attend personally to the horse shoeing. You can save 25 per cent by sending me their work, I will have the work done 25 per cent better. All work warranted.

PRICES: Hand Made Shoes \$2 per set; Re-setting \$1 per set; Patent Shoes \$4.
Come and see our work and be satisfied.
JOHN BRADY.

ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
Bloomfield Savings Institution

Bloomfield, Essex County, New Jersey, January 1, 1875:

ASSETS.	
Loans on bond and mortgage,	12,000 00
United States bonds,	2,214 30
Essex County bonds,	1,000 00
Temporary Loan to C. S. D. List,	1,000 00
Interest due and accrued,	328 30
Safe and furniture,	550 00
Cash,	1,650 00
	\$19,544 45

LIABILITIES.	
Due depositors, including dividend payable Jan. 20th, inst.,	\$18,062 06
Surplus,	\$1,482 37

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, ESSEX CO., S.S.:
Thomas C. Dodd, Treasurer of the Bloomfield Savings Institution, and Charles Peloubet, William R. Peters, Zophar B. Dodd and Israel C. Ward, of the Finance Committee of said institution, being duly sworn, do each depose and say that the foregoing is a true statement of the affairs of said institution on the first day of January, 1875, according to the best of the knowledge and belief of the said deponents respectively.

CHARLES PELIOUBET,
W. R. PETERS,
Z. B. DODD,
ISRAEL C. WARD,
THOMAS C. DODD.

Sworn to before me this 25th day of Jan., 1875.
Jos. K. Oakes,
Com. of Deeds.

INSURE IN THE
HUMBOLDT
(MUTUAL)
INSURANCE COMPANY.

ASSETS OVER \$300,000.
OFFICE 125 BROAD STREET,
(Essex County National Bank Building.)
NEWARK, N. J.

This Company insures against loss and damage by fire, Dwellings, Furniture, Buildings and Merchandise, at favorable rates, either on the MUTUAL or NON-PARTICIPATING PLAN.

OFFICERS:
ELMER F. HENNING, Sec'y. GEORGE BROWN, Pres't.
J. A. REEDER, Treas'r. E. W. McCLAVE, Vice Pres't.

Groceries, Markets, Etc.

THE PEOPLE'S MARKET.

J. W. LEES.
COR. BLOOMFIELD CENTRAL AND GLENWOOD AV.

Constantly on hand a good supply of
BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON,
LAMB & PORK.
Poultry, Vegetables, and Fruits in season. Quality unsurpassed. Orders promptly attended to and goods delivered when desired.
J. W. LEES.

COLUMBIA MARKET.

JOSEPH BOLSHAW,
Dealer in
BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, LAMB, PORK, POULTRY,
Smoked and Canned Meats, also Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

Bloomfield Avenue, Opposite Archdeacon's Hotel.

BROAD STREET MARKET.

J. H. BROWN & BRO.,
Dealers in all kinds of
Fresh and Canned Meats.

Also all kinds of Vegetables in season.
Broad at Three doors above Belleville ave.

BLOOMFIELD MARKET.

WILLIAM J. MADISON,
Dealer in
BEEF, VEAL, MUTTON, LAMB, PORK,
POULTRY, SMOKED AND CANNED MEATS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

BLOOMFIELD CENTER.
Jan. 31

BLOOMFIELD FISH MARKET.

JAMES N. WANAMAKER,
DEALER IN
FRESH FISH, OYSTERS,
BEEF, PORK, LAMB, VEGETABLES, &c.

Glenwood Avenue, Opp. Hayes & Taylor's Store.

EDWARD WILDE at the

OLD FAMILY STORE
BLOOMFIELD CENTER

Offers for sale a large and choice assortment of
Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods,
Crockery and Stone Ware, Oil

Cloths, Shades and
Fixtures,
Which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

MARTIN BROS.,
Corner Bloomfield Ave. and Broad St.,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.

Also have constantly on hand
HAY & CUT HAY IN BALES,
Straw in Bundles or Bales.

FLOUR, FEED, MEAL, OATS, CORN,
Cracked Corn, Wheat Bran, &c.,
Which will be sold at
Lowest Market Prices for Cash.

TORREY'S PAT. WEATHER STRIPS.
The Most Perfect Contrivance
For Preventing Cold Air from coming
in around Doors and Windows ever made.
For Sale and put on by
HAYES & TAYLOR
AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

WILLIAM COLFAX,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Grain, Feed, &c.